

The Caledonian

Price 3d.] EDINBURGH,

The Mercury. No. 10,096.



SATURDAY, MAY 27. 1786.

A CARD.

MRS FERDINAND, intending to establish herself in this City, as a Tutor to those Young Ladies that may wish to be instructed in reading the Authors, with that elegance seldom to be acquired at boarding Schools, and so necessary to distinguish them among the polite circle, thinks it requisite to give the Public an opportunity of testing her abilities; for which purpose, she will, on Tuesday the 30th May, at seven o'clock in the evening, deliver, at Mary's Chapel, Niddry's Wynd, ORATORICAL LECTURES & ENGLISH RECITALS, with an occasional Prologue, containing the beauties of the Authors:—Particularly, THE PASSIONS, by COLLINS.

THE BIRTH OF OUR SAVIOUR, by POPE.

SATAN'S ADDRESS TO THE SUN, by MILTON.

HOMER'S ILIAD. Admittance Two SHILLINGS.

Edinburgh, May 26. 1786.

LIEUT. GENERAL MACKAY, Commander of his Majesty's forces, &c. in North Britain, hereby gives notice, That he is ready to receive proposals from any person or persons, willing to Supply by Contract BREAD for his Majesty's 38th regiment of foot quartered in Edinburgh Castle.

The Bread to be made of flour of good marketable wheat, out of which the first bran has been taken by means of an Eight Shilling Cloth. Each soldier's allowance of this bread for four days, is a well baked loaf, weighing fix pounds.

Proposals to be sealed up, and addressed to Major John Melville, Secretary to Lieut. General Mackay, on or before Wednesday next the 31st instant.

Haberdashery, Hosiery Goods, &c. MOVED to the shop lately possessed by Mr Sommerville, opposite General Post Office, Bridge Street, for the convenience of room.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION.

On Tuesday first the 29th current, and the following days of next week,

THE WHOLE STOCK in trade of William Cowan, Bridge Street.

N. B. The Goods to be put up at the pleasure of the company.

STOCKINGS.

JAMES CHARLES Hosier, next door to the Post-Office, Bridge-street, has just received a fresh and general assortment of SILK, THREAD, and COTTON HOSE for the summer wear, the quality of which can answer for, and will be sold upon the most moderate terms.

Very good Ladies Silk Stockings, at 7s. 6d.; and every other article in the Hosier branch proportionably cheap.

Silk Handkerchiefs.

Linen and Cotton pocket ditto.

Gentlemen's Gloves and Ladies Habit ditto.

ALEXANDER LIVINGSTON,

Opposite the Chapel of Ease, Crofcaufewy, Edinburgh, BEGS leave to acquaint the Ladies, and the Public in general, that he has newly got to hand a large assortment of Green, Souchong, Congou, and Bohea TEAS, purchased by friend of his own at the India House, who, from his long experience, is a judge of the qualities; and, being on the spot, has it in his power to examine them. Whatever others may pretend, A. LIVINGSTON can assure his friends, that none can serve on better, and very few on equal terms.

The present selling prices are as under, viz.

	s. d.		s. d.
Bohea,	1 10	Souchong,	-
Fine ditto,	2 0	Ditto,	5 6
Congou,	3 6	Superfine,	6 0
Good ditto,	4 0	Hyson Green,	7 0
Fine ditto,	4 6	Superfine ditto,	8 0

N. B. Commissions from town or country will be carefully attended to

OF WINES AND SPIRITS of all kinds.

GOAT WHEY at Moffat will be had in plenty by the end of the present month of May.

The excellency of accommodation at Moffat, with many other advantages, scarcely to be met with at any other Goat Whey Quarters, are already sufficiently known to the Public.

PAPER-HANGINGS FOR ROOMS, &c. &c.

ROBERT MACMILLAN PAPER STAINER, Miln's Square, opposite the Tron Church, Edinburgh, returns his most grateful thanks to the public in general, and his friends in particular, for the honour of their distinguished and repeated favours; and begs leave to inform them, that he has a large assortment of Printed Papers of his own manufacture, in the greatest variety of patterns, many of them entirely new, and all finished in the very best manner, which he is selling wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices possible, with choice of elegant Feltsoo and other borders.

His remaining patterns of former seasons are selling off at reduced prices.

Considerable allowance will be made to Upholsterers and other Dealers; and orders from the country for quantities of single pieces, carefully attended to; and proper persons for hanging the papers, sent to any place in town or country, if required.

Paper Hangings for Rooms, &c.

CHARLES ESPLIN and COMPANY having a considerable quantity of old patterns of PRINTED PAPER HANGINGS for rooms, closets, piaffages, shops, &c. which they intend to dispose of on very low terms, some as cheap as 1 d. per yard, or 1 s. the piece; and in any quantity that may be wanted.

N. B. Those who are repairing houses, &c. will find it their interest to attend to the above, as the papers are all perfectly good and clean, though not in the present fashion. Proper experienced hands kept for hanging paper in town or country, on the lowest terms.

C. E. and Co. have also a very elegant assortment of the newest and most fashionable patterns, Glazed Varnish, Mock Flocks, Chinks, &c. with suitable bordering.

AT LONDON FOR LEITH.—Direct, (A fine New Smack, Whithy built)

The Betsey of Dunbar,

WILLIAM MILLER Master,

Now at the birth at Miller's Wharf,

oppofite Burr-street, London, taking

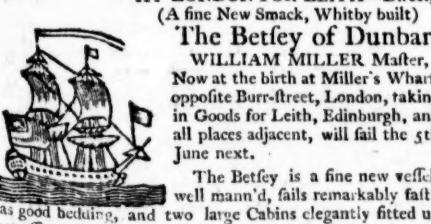
in Goods for Leith, Edinburgh, and

all places adjacent, will sail the 5th

June next.

The Betsey is a fine new vessel,

has good bedding, and two large Cabins elegantly fitted up for passengers, who may depend on the best usage, and every care and attention being paid to them.



Pardon, and Reward offered.

Whitehall, May 18. 1786.

WHEREAS, it has been humbly represented to the King, That, in the evening of Monday the 24th day of April last past, between eight and nine o'clock, as James Hoffack the elder, James Hoffack the younger, James Lindsay, and James M'William, all officers of his Majesty's revenue of Excise, were returning home, after having that day, in the course of their duty, and in company with the officiating supervisor and two other officers of Excise, seized several private and unlicensed stills, with a parcel of aquavite, and discovered upwards of eighty bushels of malt privately making and concealed, they the said Hoffacks, Lindsay, and M'William, were fired upon from a wood on the side of the road betwixt Chappelton of Killychassy and Pitcairn, in the parish of Logieirat and county of Perth, in Scotland, by some person or persons unknown; and the said Lindsay, Hoffack the younger, and M'William, officers were all, at the same instant, wounded, and fell, the said James Hoffack the younger, having upwards of 40 small shot lodged in his head and body, one of which went through his cheek, and tore out one of his teeth; the said James Lindsay being much wounded in the shoulder, and having had a shot quite through his nose; and the said James M'William having a number of shot lodged in his thigh and body, one of them very dangerous, being a little above the groin: His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to justice the person or persons concerned in this daring attempt and outrage, is hereby pleased to promise his most gracious pardon to any one of the said offenders (except the person who actually fired upon the officers) who shall discover his or her accomplice or accomplices, to that one or more of them may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

SYDNEY.

And, as a further encouragement, the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland do hereby offer a reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS to any person who shall discover and apprehend any one or more of the said offenders (except as before excepted), to be paid by their cashier upon conviction.

By order of the Commissioners,

JOHN THOMSON, } Joint Secretaries.

ADAM PEARSON, }

WHEREAS, in the month of February last, Fire was found in a barn at Pittendrich, belonging to Charles Mercer, Esq; of Lethendy; and, upon the night of the 13th day of April, fire was actually set to the house of Peter Stewart, Mr Mercer's gardener, at Pittendrich, and part of the roof consumed; and a third attempt made to set fire to the Mansion-house of Pittendrich, upon the 16th May current; all, as is supposed, by MAY CRAIGIE, daughter of John Craigie in Kirkhill of Caputh, who has since absconded from her father's house, where she usually resided.—This is therefore offering a Reward of TEN POUNDS Sterling, to any person or persons who will discover where the said May Craigie lurks, so as she may be apprehended and lodged in any of his Majesty's jails, until it be determined in due course of law.

The money, upon proper information being given, will be paid by James Spence, or Oldfaw Fotheringham, writers, Edinburgh; or Thomas Mit.ell, writer in Perth.

May Craigie is aged 28 years, about five feet six inches high; dark-brown hair; large black eyes, and strong eyelashes; swarthy complexion; strong masculine make of body, tending to a lout in the shoulders.

In the Press, and speedily will be Published, A COLLECTION OF STYLES.

THE JURIDICAL SOCIETY have compiled a complete Collection of STYLES, which they intend to publish in three vols. quarto, consisting of Heritable Rights, Personal and Moveable Rights and Signet Letters.

It is proposed at present to publish only the first volume, which comprehends the Heritable Styles, and contains the following titles.

1. Family Settlements.
2. Services.
3. Alienations to singular successors.
4. Redemovable rights.
5. Conveyances of redemovable rights.
6. Signatures and other grants.
7. Grants by progress from a subject superior.
8. Completion of real rights by infestation.
9. Extinction of real redemovable rights.
10. Leafes, with conveyances and extinctions of ditto.

This volume will be published in the course of the next summer Session.

WOOLLEN MANUFACTURE.

THE Copartners of GRANT, MACOME, and CO. having been dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 15th current, Mr GRANT has now connected himself with other partners, who carry on the Manufacture of Carpets, Blankets, Narrow Cloths, Plains, and other Woolen Goods, at their FACTORY, foot of Havannah street, under the firm of GRANT, PELLANCE, and CO.

They also carry on the DYING BUSINESS, in its different branches; and, as Mr Grant has had long experience in that line, both here and in England, they make no doubt of giving the utmost satisfaction to those who employ them.

GLASGOW, May 25. 1786.

A HOUSE TO SELL.

TO be Sold by public roup, in the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, on Thursday, June 22, between the hours of six and seven afternoon, a House, lately possessed by Mrs Hunter, spouse to Mr Andrew Hunter, writer in Edinburgh, being the second story of Paterion's Back Court, Lawmarket, consisting of six rooms and a kitchen, with several closets, and a cellar. The house is infured in the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance Office, and the premium paid up. The house may be seen every lawful day between the hours of twelve and two.

The articles of roup and progress of wits to be seen in the hands of John Hunter, writer to the signet, with whom persons desirous to purchase by private bargain may communicate.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN FRASER, Flaxdresser in Perth.

THE Trustees appointed by the said John Fraser hereby give notice to all his creditors, to meet in the house of Charles Robertson, innkeeper in the Skinnergate of Perth, on the first day of June next, at six o'clock in the evening, by themselves, or their doers properly authorized by them, when the trustees intend making a dividend of the funds in their hands, in payment *pro tanto* to them of their several debts; and, for that purpose it is desired, that such of the creditors who have not as yet lodged their claims or made oath to their debts, will do so forthwith, and lodge them in the hands of Patrick Miller junior, writer in Perth; certifying such as neglect this intimation, that they will be excluded from any share in the said dividend.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ROBERT MILLER, Merchant in Glasgow.

THAT, upon the application of the said Robert Miller, and of Messrs Robinson and Walmsley, merchants in Manchester, creditors of his to the extent required by law, the Lord Eliot, Ordinary, officiating on the bills, by interlocutor dated the 15th May current, sequestrated the whole real and personal estate of the said Robert Miller, and appointed his creditors to meet within the Tontine Coffeehouse, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 23d current, at 12 o'clock mid-day, in order to chuse an interim factor.

And, upon the application of the said factor, the Sheriff Substitute of Lanarkshire, has appointed Monday the 29th May current, and Monday in each of the three succeeding weeks, at the Sheriff Court-house of Glasgow, at one o'clock afternoon, for the public examination of the bankrupt and his family and servants, and others acquainted with his business.

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HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MONDAY, May 22.

AGREED to the report of the whale fishery bill, and ordered it to be engrossed.

Agreed also to the report of the resolutions of Friday last on the supply.

Paffed the two Exchequer loan bills.

Came to several resolutions on the pilchard fishery.

Ordered the East India judicature bill to be engrossed.

Deferred several orders of the day.

Sir John Sinclair moved, that the further consideration of the petition, complaining of the Kirkwall election, be postponed till Thursday next.

A petition was presented from certain agent concerned in the St. Eustatius prize-money, praying to be heard by counsel against a bill for transferring the management of the affairs from the prize agents; leave was given accordingly.

Sir George Howard then moved, that the commitment of the bill should be deferred till Thursday next. The reason for this motion proceeded from the absence of the Master of the Rolls, whose opinion was necessary. The motion was agreed to.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer presented the bill for transferring certain duties on wines from the Customs to the Excise; which being read a first time, and ordered to be printed,

The Chancellor then moved, that it be read a second time on Friday next.

Mr Sheridan thought Friday too early a day for the second reading, as gentlemen could not have an opportunity of considering the merits or demerits of it before Thursday.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer was of a contrary opinion. Those chiefly concerned in the transfer had already received every necessary information. A considerable time had elapsed since he had first given notice of the measure. On its introduction he had fully explained the nature of the alteration. He was convinced it was for the interest of the country, and therefore persuaded that it ought to be adopted as soon as possible.

Mr Sheridan replied, that the people concerned were very much dissatisfied with the alteration, and meant to apply to Parliament to be heard by counsel against it. He condemned the conduct of the Rt. Hon. Gentleman for the introduction of so important a law at this advanced period of the session, and thought it would be acting with candour if he receded from part of his motion. It would give, he said, many respectable gentlemen great satisfaction, if the subject was not hurried through the House too precipitately; he therefore moved, that instead of "Friday," the words, "Wednesday next," be inserted.

Mr Dempster observed, that the printing of the bill, which certainly resembled a tax bill, ought to be considered as a laudable step towards the printing of the tax bills in future.

The question was then put on Mr Sheridan's amendment, which was negatived.

Lord Surrey reminded the House of a motion which was lately withdrawn, relative to a list of the American Loyalists who had claims on government. These claims, he observed, as originally stated, amounted to 3,000,000 l. but this sum had been reduced to about 700,000 l. It was, however, worthy of notice, that numbers of American Loyalists had not as yet presented their claims, which amounted to about 2,000,000 l. more. Considering these circumstances, he thought a motion ought to be made for the production of a correct list, stating the claimants names, and specifying the particular sums of each.

Mr Rose said, he had no objection to such a motion; but as there were no urgent reasons for the production of the list, and the claims of those who had already appeared had been carefully examined by the commissioners appointed for that purpose, he wished the noble Lord would not persist in his motion.

Lord Camelford resisted its being adopted, as the present stage of the business, as a resolution of the House. He threw out a few remarks on the plan proposed by Earl Stanhope, and expressed his hope at the same time, that he would not persist in pressing a measure of this nature too warmly on their Lordships.

Earl Stanhope defended his scheme, and asserted that Lord Camelford had not understood it properly.

Lord Camelford explained what he had said, and

Earl Stanhope continued to support what he had thrown out in favour of his plan.

Lord Sydney expressed many obligations to the noble Earl (Stanhope) but was for moving the previous question on the motion.

Lord Loughborough had not made up his mind sufficiently to the present motion, and hoped the consideration of it might be postponed to some other occasion.

The Duke of Richmond opposed the adopting any permanent system as unconstitutional, and as tending to deprive future legislators of their right.

Lord Stormont was for a subsequent discussion of the resolution.

Earl Stanhope having little hopes of carrying his motion on any subsequent day, said that he wished it to stand on the Journals of the House. Were the previous question put on it, he should not obtain the object.

The question was then put on the original motion, and it was, without a division, negatived.

Lord Stormont then moved, that a message may be sent to the House of Commons, requesting that they may communicate to this House the grounds on which they proceeded in passing the present bill.

Lord Bathurst resisted the motion as irregular, and unbecoming the dignity of the House.

After a short conversation, Lord Stormont agreed to withdraw his motion.

The Duke of Richmond then moved, That there should be laid before the House a copy of the report of the Select Committee of the House of Commons; which motion was agreed to. Adjourned.

liament should, in consequence of these defects, adopt some mode of affording gentlemen an opportunity to consider the minutiae of the new acts. He was astonished how the clerks could form an index from such imperfect materials. No reference could be made to the original act, unless the index were worded in this manner—"An act to repeal an act, to alter an act, to explain and amend an act," &c. This system had the appearance of naval architecture, by first laying the keel, then forming the ribs, then the rigging and other appurtenances; but what was remarkable, the ship at last was obliged to put to sea without a rudder! He then mentioned some supposed deficiencies in the Horse, Stamp, and Window acts, and said, that the wording of some conveyed the idea of the horses not only inhabiting the houses, but the extraordinary circumstance of their looking out of the windows. He then condemned the proposed tax on perfume; and, enumerating the articles of lavender, milk of roses, &c. said the Commissioners, in distinguishing the various particulars of taxation, must be gifted by Nature with the nose of pointers; then, alluding to Parliament, he quoted the following passage from Pope's *Rape of the Lock*:"Our humble province is to tend the fair,
Not a less pleasing, though less glorious care;
To save the powder from too rude a gale,
Nor let th' imprison'd essences exhale."

Mr Sheridan concluded by moving, "That the bill relative to a tax on perfume, be printed."

Mr Rose said he had no particular objection to the motion, but thought it was ill-timed, and would be of very little service.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer expressed himself happy that the days of taxation were nearly at an end, as the revenue of the country was considerably improved. If any good could be derived from the present motion, he would not oppose it; but from a consciousness of its futility, he was of opinion it was needless to trouble the House with any thing of the kind.

Mr Beaufoy and some others spoke, after which the House divided,

Ayes — 24
Noes — 119

Adjourned.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, May 23.

Leghorn, April 28. We have just received accounts that the Venetian General Emo, had taken and plundered the town of Sfax, of which action the following are said to be some of the particulars, viz. The General having arrived upon the coast of Tunis, was seeking out the best part to commence an attack with a prospect of success, when it was universally determined to try what could be done against the town of Sfax. Accordingly he boldly attacked that place on the sea side, and the besieged defended themselves with courage till four pieces of ordnance burst, and killed a number of people, which threw some confusion among the garrison; in the mean time, General Emo perceiving that his guns had every effect he could wish, landed 1500 Scavonians, with orders to storm the place, which they did with success, and with great slaughter. — We are in ardent expectation of further accounts of this victory.

LONDON, May 23.

Lord Mansfield, though gradually feeling the hand of time, is not so bad in his health as generally reported. His immediate disorder, like that of old Macklin, is a rheumatism, which he felt so much in his right hand, as to make the ceremony of taking off his hat as *locum tenens* for the Chancellor, too troublesome—Hence the appointment of Earl Bathurst.—He has given up the fittings after term, though he means to preface this and the ensuing term at the King's Bench.—Perhaps Michaelmas may give us a new Chief, not but that we hope the present has many years for retirement and enjoyment of his friends.

The Lord Chancellor will remove next week to Bath, for the benefit of his health, which being a little established, his physicians have recommended a trip to the south of France, it being thought advisable that his Lordship should not enter again on public business, at least before the meeting of Parliament in November next.

The treaty lately concluded between England and Russia, is said to be the most advantageous which has been hitherto negotiated.

It is whispered, that the great business of the British Cabinet at present, is the adoption of a plan laid down by the Marquis of Lansdowne, for colonizing the province of Nova Scotia with American refugees. The advantages which are expected to accrue to this country from settling a number of faithful friends, strongly attached to our happy constitution, are infinite. This plan is said to extend to Canada, St. John's, and Cape Breton. To induce, it seems, a considerable portion of the spirit of monarchy into the government of what we may call British America, as well as into that of our Asiatic dependencies, is found to be necessary for the purpose of retaining them in subjection.

The Insurance from the West Indies to London is now done so low as 50 s. per cent.

Yesterday the Court of Common Pleas was moved on behalf of the High-Bailiff, that the trial of the action brought against him by Mr Fox, for granting a scutiny, and delaying the return, in which Mr Fox lays his damages at 100,000 l. might be tried at bar. The Court, upon argument, refused the application. We understand that the trial will take place at the fittings in Middlesex, after the present term.

Yesterday morning a duel was fought in Hyde-Park, between the Hon. John Townshend, second son to Lord Townshend, and William Fawcetter, Esq; one of the clerks of the Privy Council. The misunderstanding which occasioned this duel, happened at Ranelagh, last Friday evening, concerning a lady. Mr Fawcetter fired first, and missed Mr Townshend; upon which Mr Townshend fired his pistol in the air. Here the matter ended.

On Friday afternoon, P. Macmaus, and T.

Carpmeal, two of the officers of Bow-street, set off in a post-chaise for Snaith, in Yorkshire, being upwards of 200 miles, in pursuit of a Mr Mark Powell, clerk to Mess Hardcastle and Field, of Thamess-street, merchants, who had forged his master's draft on Mess Bland, Barnet, Hoare, and Hill, of Lombard-street, for 450 l. 14 s. on the 5th inst. The above officers found him at his father's house at Snaith, and immediately set off again for London, where they arrived on Sunday afternoon, with their prisoner, who was yesterday examined before Sir S. Wright, and committed to Newgate for trial. What makes this matter the more lamentable, is, Mr Powell, who bore an universal good character, was just married to a young lady of a genteel fortune, (which he was soon to receive), and who was with him at Snaith when he was apprehended.—It seems he committed the forgery to answer an intermediate purpose in trade, intending to repay it when he received the money he was entitled to by his marriage, and without any apprehension of the dangerous consequences of the offence.—On his arrival in town, he ingeniously discovered where near 400 l. of the money was, which he had left in a friend's hands, and which was instantly recovered.

About eighteen years since, Mr E. P. Solomons, a Jew merchant, having failed in business, gave up all that he possessed to his creditors: after which, a balance of near 12,000 l. remained unpaid. This sum, greatly to his honour, he has discharged within these few days, though not obliged by law to do so.

The different resolutions reported yesterday from the Committee of Ways and Means, are as follow:

Resolution on hair powder—is

"That upon every packet containing hair-powder that shall be vended, the price not exceeding two shillings for the pound, a stamp duty of one penny for every pound."

Resolutions on light houses—are

"That it would conduce greatly to the security of navigation and the fisheries, if four light houses were erected on the northern parts of Great Britain."

"That for erecting and maintaining the said light-houses, a duty of one penny per ton be imposed on all ships and decked vessels navigating those seas."

82,386 l. remaining in the Exchequer 5th April 1786, surplus of deductions of 6 d. in the pound paid on salaries, &c.

16,481 l. 5 s. remaining in the Exchequer 5th April 1786, of the duties on monies granted for paying annuities on lives.

20,281 l. 15 s. remaining in the Exchequer on same day of the duties on glass.

12,735 l. 13 s. remaining in Exchequer on same day of the duties on vellum and paper. And

40,414 l. 9 s. 5 d. remaining in the Exchequer of monies that remained on two-sevenths Excise.

The above to be applied towards the supply granted to his Majesty.

From the Committee of Supply—the following:

6,500 l. for purchasing land in the island of St. Vincent.

6,356 l. for completing the purchase of the soil of the Bahama Islands.

62,059 l. 5 s. to make good money to American sufferers.

3,750 l. 14 s. to pay fees on the receipt of 150,000 l. granted to the American Loyalists.

2,426 l. 9 s. for the passage of Mr Dundas and Mr Pemberton to Nova Scotia, Commissioners for American claims.

16,061 l. 16 s. 3 d. to discharge Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, &c. bills, drawn on the Treasury.

21,560 l. 5 s. 7 d. for maintaining convicts on the Thames.

1,000 l. to replace that sum issued to the Secretary of the Commissioners of Public Accounts.

The rejection of the Duke of Richmond's fortification scheme, in one of the fullest Houses ever seen at this season, and when every friend to Administration had been summoned, is a full proof that there are some points, which no majority can carry against the opinion of the Public; and it is a matter of equal concern and surprise to many of the Minister's friends, that he would commit himself upon such ground, where the very face of the propositions induced the necessity of an enormous future expenditure, and when the public had been so much disengaged at the fallacious mode in which the plan was originally introduced.

It is the current report, that, upon the arrival of the last dispatches at Petersburgh from the Russian Minister at Constantinople, an extraordinary assembly of all the Ministers of State took place in presence of the Empress of Russia, when it was determined to send a courier immediately to Constantinople, with orders for Mr Bulakov, the Russian Minister, immediately to quit that capital without taking leave, and as privately as possible. If this is confirmed, we may soon expect to hear some important accounts.

Blanchard performed his 17th aerial excursion the 18th ult. from Douay. This ascension was the noblest sight the inhabitants of Flanders ever beheld. He mounted with the greatest intrepidity, and was followed by the eyes of the multitude for half an hour. This voyage, from the violence of the wind, may be considered as the most perilous experiment which this wonderful aeronaut ever made. He went 96 miles in the same number of minutes, and descended at l'Etoile, a village in Picardy. M. Deloge, the lord of the manor, received him with every mark of distinction. Over St. Amand, in Artois, he dropped the following letter:

To the EDITORS of the PARIS JOURNAL.

In the Air, April 18, 1786.

"I am reckoned an original, and am proud of the title. With an unsteady hand, on the border of my undulating car, and soaring eighteen thousand feet above the surface of the terrestrial globe, an immensity of space at my feet, and a wide extent of airy regions before me, I address, Gentlemen, this letter to you. I intend to drop it over the first town I see when I am descending, and will send you a more particular account when I am firmly fixed on the

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birth, and at leisure to make the necessary calculations.

I have the honour, &c.

“ BLANCHARD.”

The people of Donay, they say, raised for him a subscription of 1000 l. Sterling; and are charmed with having liberally contributed to a performance so novel and amazing.

Extract of a letter from Windsor, May 21.

“ Yesterday his Majesty hunted for the last time this season, when the Rev. Dr Young, Fellow of Eton College, and Prebend of Worcester, was thrown from his horse, and almost instantly expired. The accidental death of the Doctor, who was greatly respected by all that knew him, induced many gentlemen immediately to return home.”

PRICE OF STOCKS, May 23.

Bank Stock, —	Ditto New Ann. —
3 per cent. Ann. 1000 a £.	Ditto 1751, —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 897	India Stock, —
3 a £.	3 per cent. Ann. —
3 per cent. con. 71 a 93 a	India Bonds paid, —
782.	Ditto unpaid, 48 prem.
3 per cent. red. 707 a 4.	Navy Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, 167.	Exch. Bills, —
Long Ann. 21 7-16ths a £.	
Ditto 1778, 142 a 1-16th.	
South Sea Stock, —	
3 per cent. Old. Ann. 694.	

WIND AT DEAL, May 22. S. W.

EDINBURGH.

THE AUTHOR of the AUTHENTIC INTELLIGENCE respecting the South Bridge does now know who is the author of the paper, under the signature of TUTH, in your last, and takes this public opportunity of retorting the charge upon him of being guilty of a gross and dangerous falsehood.

Extract of a letter from London, May 23.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

CARLISLE ELECTION.

“ As soon as one hundred members were collected together, the House balloted for a Committee for deciding on the merits of the late election for Carlisle, when the following Gentlemen were chosen: — Sir John Morhead, Sir Charles Davers, Sir Edward Littleton, Mr Lister, Mr Bullock, Mr Pardoe, Mr Myddleton, the Hon. Mr Monckton, Mr Fludyer, Sir Matthew White Ridley, Mr Jervise, Mr Crutchley, Mr Purling, Mr Fox, and Alderman Townfend. The two last, Mr Fox and Alderman Townfend, were chosen Nominees; and Mr Erskine and Mr Dallas are counsel for Mr Christian; Mr Pigot and Mr Graham, for the sitting member; and Mr Chamberlayne, for the inhabitants.

COUNTY ASSESSMENT BILL.

“ The Lord Advocate moved for the second reading of the county assessment for the prosecution of criminals in Scotland.

“ Mr Skene admitted the propriety of the bill, but thought a farther delay of it extremely necessary, in order that time might be allowed the different counties to take the same into their consideration. He should, therefore, move, that the second reading of it be adjourned to that day three months.

“ Sir William Cunningham also urged the necessity of postponing the bill on the same ground, and added, that there were several very objectionable clauses, and in particular, one that went to transfer the right of trial of criminals before the Judges to the Sheriffs. He should, for the reasons he had assigned, be for having the bill delayed for three months, in order that time might be had for considering more maturely of its merits.

“ The Speaker then read the original motion, and the amendments proposed being then offered, namely, that it should be read that day three months.

“ The Lord Advocate said, that the bill has already been delayed a year, it having been before the House the last Session, and postponed on the same ground that had now been urged. He said, that this bill was only to amend the mode of assessing, and disposing of the same, as there had been much misapplication of the money collected; the money collected having frequently been applied to the building of bridges, and the repairing the high roads, a thing never intended when the fund was instituted. The fund, he observed, had been ever since the reign of George I. and this bill only went to put it upon a good footing, and to regulate it better for the future; it was also, he believed, the only fund, except the King's purse, for the prosecution of criminals in Scotland; and as the Gentlemen who opposed it, admitted the necessity of such a bill, he should be for its being now read.

“ Sir William Cunningham rose to repeat his former arguments; which having concisely done, he declared his resolution of dividing the House; in consequence of which, the gallery was cleared. After the strangers had withdrawn, some farther conversation ensued, and, upon their being admitted again, it was agreed to withdraw all farther opposition to the bill, and it was read a second time, and ordered to be committed.

KIRKWALL ELECTION.

“ Sir John Sinclair moved for leave to withdraw the Kirkwall controverted election bill.

“ The Speaker informed him, that three days notice were necessary to be given, for the moving leave to withdraw a petition.

“ Sir John Sinclair then moved, that the motion for leave to withdraw the petition be taken into consideration on Tuesday next.

“ The Exchequer loan bill was read a third time, and ordered to the Lords.

“ After some farther business of a less interesting nature, respecting the mode of receiving bills, &c. concerning bridges and canals, &c. the House adjourned till to-morrow.

“ During the sitting of the House, a message was received from the Lords, for requesting that there be laid before the House of Lords an account of the proceedings of that House, on the passing the bill for the reduction of the national debt; and Mr Pitt moved, that the said message be taken into consideration to-morrow.”

On the 27th ult. was married William Maxwell Morison, Esq; Advocate, to Miss Sibella Stephen,

eldest daughter of the deceased Mr James Stephen, of London, merchant.

Died at Chunar Ghur, East Indies, in November last, Mr John Ferguson, surgeon in the Hon. East-India Company's service, and son to Provost David Ferguson of Ayr.

Died on Wednesday the 24th, Mr Robert Selkirk, late merchant in this city.

Died on the 21st current, at Delnies, Alexander Campbell, Esq; of Delnies, in the 81st year of his age.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

On Wednesday, the Committee of the whole house having deliberately gone through the several sections of the new Form of Proceedings, and made such alterations upon them as they thought necessary, they ordered it to be printed, as amended, and transmuted to the ministers of the Church of Scotland; which resolution being reported to the Assembly, the same was agreed to. The thanks of the House were then delivered from the chair to the Procurator, for his great attention and diligence in preparing the sketch, and likewise to the members of the sub-committee, who took the trouble of revising the same.

The Assembly then took into consideration a petition from Jean Purves, relict of John Tuck, against the Rev. Mr Jolly at Coldingham, who had not intimated, till December 1783, that her sentence of excommunication was taken off, although the same was ordered by the Assembly to be intimated before August that year; and had given her a certificate injurious to her, and disrespectful to the Commission of Assembly. The Assembly appointed their Moderator to rebuke Mr Jolly at the bar, and ordained the Kirk Session of Coldingham to grant a proper certificate to Jean Purves.

Thursday, the Assembly had under consideration some points in the case of the Reverend Dr Bryden at Dalton, which has so long engaged the attention of the Church Courts. The first point determined was an appeal at the instance of Dr Bryden, and the Presbytery of Lochnabben, against a sentence of the Synod of Dumfries, on the 18th of October last, concerning the relevancy of the condescension relative to Ann Dalziel. Dr Bryden was heard in his defence; Mr Corbett, as counsel for the prosecutors; Dr Lamont, appeared for the Synod, and Mr Henderson for the Presbytery; after which several gentlemen spoke, and the vote was put, and carried, to affirm the sentence of the Synod, 55 a. Reverse, 15; Majority, 40. — The next question was an appeal from a sentence of the Synod of Dumfries, at the instance of Dr Bryden, dated 19th October last, affirming a sentence of the Presbytery of Lochnabben. The Assembly, without a vote, agreed to dismiss the appeal, and affirm the sentence of the Synod of Dumfries and Presbytery of Lochnabben. The next question was a reference by the Synod of Dumfries, on the 19th of October last, on an appeal by the prosecutors of Dr Bryden, against a sentence of the Presbytery of Lochnabben, of the 4th of October, finding that the sentence of last Assembly, limiting the time of examining witnesses to the 1st of October, and that day having elapsed, they were precluded from examining certain witnesses mentioned. The Assembly, without a vote, reversed the sentence of the Presbytery of Lochnabben, and found the proof not concluded. — The Assembly, yesterday, on a division, 62 against 45, remitted the cause to the Presbytery of Lochnabben, with a recommendation to proceed in finishing the business with all convenient speed, agreeable to the rules of the Church.

The Assembly then proceeded to the case of Mr Macintosh, minister of Moy, which hath been so long depending. It came at present by appeals from Mr Macintosh against two sentences of the Presbytery of Inverness; the first refusing to allow him to produce two exculpatory witnesses, after the day fixed by the Synod of Moray, for concluding his exculpatory proof; the second, a sentence deposing him from the ministry. After hearing parties at great length, a motion was made by Mr. George Ferguson advocate, “ That the General Assembly, in respect of the judgment of the Presbytery was pronounced during the dependence of an appeal duly lodged, reverse the said judgment, and remit to the Presbytery to resume the consideration of the cause; and, on the application of the parties, to proceed according to the laws of the Church.” In this motion, he was supported by Drs Grieve, Lamont, Porteous, Mr Arnott, and several other members. It was very strongly opposed by Dr Barclay, Mr Bushby, Mr Dickson advocate, Dr Macnight, Professor Hill, Mr Robert Walker, and Mr Thomson, who contended, that agreeing to it would be attended with most fatal consequences, and render our jurisdiction quite inextricable, as it would be putting it in the power of parties, by appealing on every step, to prevent processes from being ever brought to an issue. Here the cause of Mr Grier was particularly mentioned; in the course of whose prosecution, no fewer than thirty-two appeals had been taken by him against different interlocutors of the inferior Courts; and, as to the act of Assembly respecting appeals, on which Mr Ferguson had founded his motion, they insisted, that it prohibited the final sentences of inferior Courts being carried into execution in the face of an appeal; but did not hinder passing such sentences. They therefore moved, “ That the Assembly should proceed to judge of the merits of the two appeals in this cause in the order in which they were taken.” After long reasoning, it was agreed to put the vote, *First or Second motion?* and the roll being called, it carried *Second*, by a majority of 3; there being 43 for the first motion, and 46 for the second. In consequence of this decision, the Assembly proceeded to consider the first appeal from the Presbytery of Inverness, of date 1st March last, finding Mr Macintosh's proof closed, in respect he was appointed by the sentence of the Synod in April 1783, to have it closed previous to that day. Parties were heard as to this point; and, after a great deal of reasoning among the members, in order to prevent a second vote, they agreed to the following judgment: — “ Waving judging of both appeals, remit it to the Presbytery of Inverness

to summon Andrew Noble, and Janet Davidson, and no other witness, these two being the only remaining witnesses whom Mr Macintosh had desired the Presbytery to examine; or, to grant commission for examining them to the Presbytery within the bounds of which they reside; and ordain Mr Macintosh to apply to the Presbytery for that purpose, on or before the 1st of August, and to find his proof against the 1st of March 1783; and if Mr Macintosh does not find his proof against said day, the Presbytery is ordained to hold his proof as closed; and to judge on the whole proof.” — Against this decision Mr Thomson of Carnock dissented.

Yesterday, the General Assembly, in consequence of a petition from Mr James Dickson book-seller, unanimously agreed to renew the grant to that gentleman, of the sole right of printing and publishing the Translations and Paraphrases of Holy Scripture for the space of nine years from this period. A petition from the Managers of the Royal Infirmary was likewise received, and the Assembly unanimously renewed the order of last Assembly upon such parishes as have not yet had an opportunity of making a collection for that useful institution, and appointed the petition to be transmitted to the several Presbyteries who have not already made the collection.

This day, the General Assembly had a number of overtures under their consideration, some of which they simply rejected, others they transmitted to Presbyteries, and others were remitted to special Committees, appointed to take them under consideration, and report to next Assembly.

The Assembly is just now engaged in hearing the case of Mr John Scott, minister of Strathavon, upon a libel at his instance against Mr Gilmour, Catechist of that parish; the particulars of which we must defer till our next, as it is thought they will sit late.

Yesterday, the 6th (or Inniskilling) regiment of dragoons, was reviewed at Musselburgh by his Excellency General Mackay. They gave great satisfaction to the General, and to a numerous and brilliant company.

On Wednesday, the Town Council voted their thanks to the Lord Provost, as a testimony of their high approbation of his conduct, with regard to the improvements now carrying on in this city.

A correspondent remarks, that the inhabitants of this city are divided in opinion with respect to the South Bridge now building; the adherents of the Magistrates and Trustees are greatly mortified that their plan is frustrated by the amendment of the bill in the House of Lords, which will cause it to be thrown out, being a money bill, when returned to the Commons. A new bill is said to be ready, in which Mr Adam's plan will be adopted, (which is approved of by almost all the inhabitants) but a strict clause should be introduced for the due execution of that plan, and to prevent any attempt that may be formed to defeat it by any ambiguity in the new bill. If Mr Adam's plan had been originally adopted, much trouble and expence might have been saved, as well as inconvenience to the citizens, by the foolish project of levelling the streets to so great a depth, which it now appears there was no occasion for, on the mode of executing the business as proposed by Mr. Adam.

The Jury who, last week, fixed the value of the houses in the Lawnmarket, which are to be pulled down to make the road to the mound of earth across the North Loch, determined upon liberal and fair grounds, and gave general satisfaction to the proprietors.

At present there is a greater scarcity of good butcher meat in the markets of this city, than has been known for several years past. This, it is said, proceeds, in a great measure, from the severity of the Excise laws, and the rigorous mode in which they are presently enforced, the small distillers having been thereby deterred from carrying on business during the winter months, and consequently prevented from feeding a great number of cattle, which used to supply the markets at this season. It is to be hoped, that the landed interest, and community in general, will exert their influence, in getting the distillery law, which is just upon the eve of being brought into Parliament, established upon such a footing, as that the greatest number of cattle possible may be fed, in proportion to the grain consumed in the distillery business.

We hear from Borrowstounness, that the pilot-boat of Grangemouth, James Maxwell master, laying at anchor off the harbour of Borrowstounness, on Wednesday evening, was run down by a vessel from Dundee, Lyle master, there being none on board said boat but Maxwell and his son William. James the master was saved by climbing to the top-mast-head, by a boat sent from the harbour, his son William drowned.

Upon the 15th current, there was launched at Fort-William a handsome built sloop, of 30 tons burthen, called the Lady Glengary, Lachlan Maclellan master, intended for the bounty on the white herring fishery, so much the object of public attention, and in which, with other important articles, the patriotic Highland Society of Edinburgh, as well as their friends to their country, have greatly interested themselves.

One day last week, some people who had carried barley to a brewer in Hamilton, drank rather freely. On their return home, one of them appeared so intoxicated, that his comrades thought proper to tie him to the cart. When they got home, they found the man was dead, and the ropes to have been too tight tied.

The ingenious and indefatigable Dr Campbell, of Lancaster, has found by an experiment made on Thursday morning, that the atmosphere is very much impregnated with putrid particles, which he demonstrated by the ascesion of a piece of meat, which, after a short duration in that elevated region, defecated very much purified. — He supposes this to be the cause of the present sickness that prevails there, owing to the long continuation of the dry unwholesome easterly winds.

A gentleman at Beaufort, Port Royal, near Charlottown, in a letter to his correspondent here, dated April 2, after giving him an order for goods, concludes thus: “ I could wish you would tell

some of your preachers, that there is great need for them here; any that are here are those that have little or no authority to preach. I know of several churches vacant both of the church of Scotland and England; salaries are between 200. and 300. Sterling per annum. Mr Graham that went from Falkirk, has in Charlottown 300. Sterling yearly. A young minister here has an opportunity of getting a Lady with 5000. l.

Extract of a letter from Inverie, April 29.

“ I am sorry to write you, that this country will soon be a desert, if some means are not taken up to prevent emigration. No less than four hundred souls go from this little place about the middle of summer. At present all is in confusion. They intend for Canada.”

Extract of a letter from Berwick, May 2.

“ The Mary and Nancy, Captain Dryburgh, from Wemys, loaded with coals for Hamburg, sprung a leak on Sunday the 21st instant, about four o'clock in the afternoon, off Newton Point, two miles from shore. The crew, six in number, were with difficulty saved by the activity of Mr Edward Henderson, and the assistance of some fishermen with their cables.”

Haarlem, April 8. 1786. This day the Teysian Society assembled for the decision of their annual prize, which had last year been offered to the best dissertation “ On the folly of Scepticism, the absurdity of dogmatizing on religious subjects, and the proper medium to be observed between these two extremes.” Adjudged the Gold Medal to William Browne, D. D. Minister of the English Church, and Member of the Provincial Society of Arts and Sciences at Utrecht.

MARY'S CHAPEL, Edin. May 25. 1786.

The UNITED INCORPORATIONS OF MARY'S CHAPEL having taken into their consideration an improved plan of the South Bridge, and adjacent streets and buildings, which has been offered by Mess. Adam of London, did UNANIMOUSLY APPROVE thereof, as tending both to the ornament and convenience of this city, for which they think these gentlemen well entitled to the approbation of the inhabitants of the city and its environs; and they order their Deacons to transmit to M. Adam a copy of this minute, with the thanks of these Incorporations for the improvements thus suggested by them.

They are also of opinion, that the noblemen and gentlemen at London, who have supported this improved plan, have deserved well of their country in general, and of this city in particular, for the active part they have taken in this business; and these Incorporations flatter themselves that they will continue in affording to the trustees their assistance and countenance in carrying through so patriotic a measure. The Incorporations order this minute to be published in the Edinburgh and London newspapers.

Extracted from the records, by

ALEX. GARDNER, Clerk.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, May 25. Mary, Hay, from London, with goods.—26. James, Somerville, from Newgate, with goods; Providence, Jones, from Alloa, with coals and goods.—27. Earl of Elgin, Wood, from Perth, with grain; Friends Goodwill, Crawford, from Rotterdam, with goods; Providence, Alexander, from Alloa, with grain; Concord, Scott, from Portlott, with ditto. Three sloops with coals.

SAILED, TWO Brothers, Kidd, for Montrose, with goods; William and John, Hunter, for Hull, with ditto; Newcastle, Tapp, for London, with ditto; Industry, Pratt, for Berwick, with ditto; Providence, Saughton, for Kirkwall, with ditto.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK,

Salmon Fishings at Perth to be Let.
THAT, upon the 17th day of August next, at 12 o'clock noon, within the Town-houfe of Perth, there will be exposed to public voluntary roup, a TACK or LEASE for thirteen or nineteen years, as offerers shall incline, from and after the 11th of December 1787, of the whole SALMON FISHINGS upon the river Tay, belonging to the COMMUNALY or BURGH of Perth, as presently let in six separate leafes.

The articles and conditions of the roup and lease, will be seen in the hands of the town-clerks.

TO LET,

THE House of South Coats, Garden, and Offices, lying a little west of the New Town of Edinburgh, belonging to the heirs of James Finlay, Esq; of of Wallyford, presently possessed by James Anderson, Esq; of Mounie.

The Houfe to be let with or without an Inclosure of twenty-three Acres.

As also to Let, An Inclosure of about fifteen Acres, laid down in grass, lying at Col Bridge, part of the farm of Munayhall.—To be entered to immediately.

For particulars apply to Harie Guthry, jun. writer in Argyle Square.

THE SOLD, and entered to at Whitunday 1787,

THE VILLA at Fountainbridge, called the GROVE, being the property of Lord Colville, consisting of a commodious dwelling-houfe, with good offices and above seven Scots acres, conveniently and agreeably laid out in graft fields, gardens, and pleasure grounds.

Whoever is inclined to purchase will be shown the premises at any reasonable time, by the gardener living on the spot; and for further information may apply to William Lumdaine clerk to the signet, New Street, who will acquaint them with the conditions and all particulars.

THE SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 31st of May instant, between the hours of one and two afternoon,

A Tenement of Houses lying in Canon-

Mills near Edinburgh, lately belonging to Thomas Bowman Skinner there, which is divided into several small houses, paying in whole about Fourteen Guineas of yearly rent. The subjects hold feu of the representatives of James Turnbull, late weaver in Canonmills, for payment of six shillings and two pence Sterling of feu-duty. They were lately built, and are in very good repair.

For further particulars, apply to James Marshall writer to the signet.

Not to be repeated.

JUDICIAL SALE.

Lands and Superiorities in Ayrshire.

THE SOLD, by public roup, under the authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-houfe of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 26th day of July 1786, between four and six afternoon,

The WHOLE LANDS and ESTATE belonging to Dr JOHN CAMPBELL of Wellwood, DAVID MACLURE of Shawwood, and GEORGE MC CREE of Pitcon, in the lots following, viz.

LOT I. The Lands of EAST and WEST DOWRAYS, TONGUE, and others, now generally known by the name of Hallmark, lying in the parish of Tarbolton, and shire of Ayr.

The proven free rent of these Lands is 888 l. 4 s. 1 d. 4-12ths Sterling; which the Lords having valued at twenty-two years purchase, the up-set-price is L. 19,541 8 9 4-12ths

And the privilege of purchasing the free teind of the farm of Clerkshill, part of the above lands (to the teinds of which farm no right appears) being 6 l. 9 d. 5-12ths the Lords have valued at five years purchase, or

30 3 11 1-12ths

Total up-set price, L. 19,571 12 8 5-12ths

The Lands (a small part excepted) hold of the Crown, and are rated at about 900 l. Scots of valued rent. They contain 1337 Scots acres, are of good soil, and are conveniently situated for markets. The village of Tarbolton lies; one end of the estate, Mauchline about a mile and a half from the other; and the town of Kilmarnock is not more than four miles distant; Ayr and Irvine about five or six.—The lands are all laid out in farms, which are inclosed and properly subdivided, and the hedges are thriving. There is a very considerable quantity of low-lying wet land, on which little or no estimate was put when the farms were first let; but which, if drained, would become very valuable. The lands are surrounded with coal and lime; and, from trials formerly made, there is reason to conclude, that coal would be found under different parts of this estate, which at a period not perhaps very remote, may become a considerable object, the neighbouring coal being supposed to be nearly exhausted.

LOT II. The Lands of PITCON and LINTSEED-RIDGE, lying in the parish of Dalry, and shire of Ayr.

The proven free rent of the flock of these lands exclusive of the teind, is 155 l. 3 s. 4 d. 6-12ths, which the Lords have valued at 23 years purchase, or L. 3568 17 7 6-12ths

And the free teind being

37 l. 14 s. 3 d. 6-12ths, the Lords have valued at five years purchase, or

188 11 5 6-12ths

Up-set price, 3757 9 1

These Lands hold of the Prince and Stewart of Scotland, and afford a freehold qualification on the old extent. They are situated on the water of Garnock, hard by the populous village of Dalry. And the villages of Kilwinning and Kilbuny; the town of Beith and burgh of Irvine are at a small distance. The lands are all inclosed and subdivided; and having been for many years in the proprietor's natural possession, and of late let chiefly for grafts or pasture, they are at present in excellent heart. The soil is uncommonly fine,—the situation pleasant,—and the communication with the above market towns easy.—Abundance of coal and lime are at hand. A more delightful inland spot of similar extent is hardly any where to be met with.

LOT III. The Lands of SHAWOOD, lying in the parish of Tarbolton, and shire of Ayr.

The proven free rent is 126 l. 18 s. 4 d. which the Lords have valued at twenty-two years purchase, or L. 2792 3 4

This Lot holds of a subject-superior, for payment of a trifling feu-duty. It is agreeably situated within four miles of Ayr, and commands a beautiful prospect of that town and bay, with the country adjacent. The lands are all inclosed and subdivided, and the inclosures surrounded with belts of planting; which, with other small plantations, are thriving, and add to the value as well as beauty of the place. They were, till within these two years, in the proprietor's natural possession; and have been since let mostly for grafts and pasture. A purchaser may have immediate access to the possession both of this and the preceding Lot.

LOT IV. The Lands of ADAMHILL, and COAL thereof, lying in the parish of Craigie, and shire of Ayr, holding of a subject-superior.

The proven free rent of the Lands, exclusive of the coal there, is 294 l. 19 s. 2 d. which the Lords have valued at twenty-two years purchase, L. 6489 1 8

And the proven free rent of the coal in said

lands is 40 l. which the Lords have valued at

ten years purchase, or

400 0 0

Together, L. 6889 1 8

LOT V. The Lands now called SUMMERFIELD, and two Inclosures part of the lands of Belleisle, lying in the parish and shire of Ayr, holding of a subject.

The proven free rent is 33 l. 13 s. 10 d. 6-12ths, which the Lords have valued at twenty-two years purchase,

L. 741 5

The lands are agreeably situated near the town of Ayr, where is a neat commodious mansion-houfe upon them.

LOT VI. The Lands now called BELLEISLE, lying in the parish and shire of Ayr, partly property and partly superiority, holding of a subject-superior.

The proven free rent and feu-duty, is 47 l. 14 s. 5d. which the Lords have valued at twenty-two years purchase,

L. 1049 17 2

LOT VII. The Superiority and Feu-Duty of the Lands of OVER and MIDDLE WELLWOODS, lying in the parish of Muirkirk, and shire of Ayr.

The proven free feu-duty is 10s. 6d. 2-12ths, which the Lords having valued at twenty-two years purchase, the up-set price is, L. 2630 19 3 2-12ths.

This superiority holds of the Crown, and is rated in the valuation-books at 1564 l. 10 s. 8d. Scots.

LOT VIII. The Superiority of the Lands of KAIMS, called KAIMSHILL and NETHER KAIMS, lying in the parish of Muirkirk, and shire of Ayr, holding of the Crown.

The proven free feu-duty is 10s. 6d. 2-12ths, which is valued at twenty-four years purchase, the up-set price is, L. 12 12 4

And the Superiority of the lands of Middle Hillar or Heilar and Corfebg, lying in the parish of Sorn, and shire of Ayr, holding of the Crown.

The proven free feu-duty is 1s. 3d. 2-12ths which the Lords have valued at twenty-two years purchase, L. 7 9 8-12ths

These lands stand rated in the valuation books of the county of Ayr as follows, viz. Kaimhill at 66 l. 13 s. 4d. Scots, Nether Kaims at 66 l. 13 s. 4d. Scots, Heilar 58 l. 5d. Scots, and Corfebg 19 l. 13 s. 6d. Scots.

If more agreeable to offerers, Lots 7th and 8th will be exposed together in one lot.

LOT IX. A STOREHOUSE and YARD in the town of Ayr, late the property of Dr Campbell.

The proven free rent is 41 l. 19 s. 6d. which the Lords have valued at ten years purchase, or L. 49 15 0

LOT X. Dr Campbell's right of ferment to the Superiority of the Lands of MUIRHOUSE MAILLING, lying in the parish of Munkton, and shire of Ayr.

The proven free rent is 41 l. 19 s. 6d. which the Lords have valued at ten years purchase, or L. 49 15 0

LOT XI. The Lands of NOTRH-HILL of Auchinlan, lying in the parish of Sorn, and shire of Ayr, holding of a subject-superior, to which Dr Campbell has right jure mariti.

The proven free rent is 39 l. 6s. 3d. 4-12ths; and the Lords have valued the Doctor's jure mariti at five years purchase, or L. 235 17 8

LOT XII. A LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE in the town of Ayr, lately belonging to and presently possessed by David McClure.

The proven free rent is 15 l. which the Lords have valued at fifteen years purchase, or L. 225 0 0

LOT XIII. The SURPLUS RENT arising from a TACK of the Farm of BROWNHILL, lying in the parish of Tarbolton, and shire of Ayr, set by Colonel Hunter of Brownhill to David McClure, and sub-set by David McClure to Hugh McClure.

The proven free rent is 15 l. which the Lords have valued at fifteen years purchase, or L. 4 18 3

LOT XIV. A LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE in the town of Ayr, late the property of George McCree, and presently possessed by Hugh Stevenson, Esq.

The proven free rent is 15 l. 15 s. which being valued at fifteen years purchase, the up-set price is L. 236 5 0

LOT XV. The SURPLUS RENT or benefit of a sub-tack of part of the Lands of THORNYFLATT, lying in the parish of St Evox, and shire of Ayr.

The proven free surplus rent payable to George McCree is 100 l. and for the nine years of the tack to run after Martinmas 1786, the Lords have valued at five years purchase, for the up-set price is L. 160 0 0

The articles of sale and title-deeds, will be seen at the office of Mr Alexander Ross, depute-clerk of Session; and further information may be got, by applying to James Thomson, writer to the signet, Hanover Street, in whose hands are plans and measurements of part of the subjects under sale.

LANDS TO BE SOLD.

THE Lands of CARFIN, consisting of about 500 acres of arable ground, pleasantly situated upon the river Calder, within two miles of the market-town of Hamilton, fourteen miles from Glasgow, and thirty-three from Edinburgh, and having good roads to all these places. There is a commodious dwelling-house and a considerable quantity of planting upon the premises. The purchaser may enter to the possession of 121 acres out of lease; and the free rental of the whole lands, if set, exclusive of the dwelling-house and garden, will be upwards of 300 l. Sterling.

As also, The Two Merk Land of OVERMUIR, and the Four Merk and Forty Penny Land of GLENS, lying in the parish of Loudoun and shire of Ayr. These lands measure upwards of 700 acres, and the present rent thereof is only 37 l. 10 s. besides which the tenants pay great part of the public burdens.—And likewise the Superiority of the Lands of Ladytown and others, which affords a freehold qualification in the county of Ayr.

The time of sale will be mentioned in a future advertisement; and any person who wishes to be informed of particulars, in the mean time, may apply to Joseph Cauvin, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

Judicial Sale of Lands in Argyleshire.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament House, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 12th day of July 1786, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

All and Whole the six-merk land of old extent of ACHA-GOYLE, which belonged to the now deceased Lachlan Lamont of Achagoyle, lying in the parish of Kilfinnan and Stronachlachan of Argyle; the proven gross rent whereof, as payed by the tenants, is L. 53 14 0

As there is no right produced to the teinds, on that account, deducted from the gross rent,

lote L. 10 14 9 6-12ths

The feu duty is also deducted, o 6 8

The proven free rent is L. 42 12 6 6-12ths

Which being valued in the sale at 24 years purchase, the up-set price is L. 1024 7 8

To which add five years purchase of the foind rent struck off for teind, for the privilege of purchasing the teinds, being

53 13 11 6-12ths

So that the total proven value of stock and teind amounts to L. 1078 1 7 6-12ths

It may be observed, that the tenants pay the minister's stipend and schoolmaster's salary, over and above their stipulated rents; and the lands are held feu of a subject-superior, for payment of the foind rent.

And the proven free rent of 6s. 8d. Sterling.

The lands are all out of lease, the tenants possessing them for year to year at a very low rent; so that the purchaser may take the lands into his own natural possession, or have a considerable augmentation on proper leases.

The articles of roup to be seen in the hands of Alexander Stevenson, depute-clerk of Session; and the rental and proven value, with the title-deeds, are with William Macdonald, writer to the signet, to whom application may be made as to further particulars; and John Macalister, the factor, will show the lands.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, within the New Inn of Inverness, upon Friday the 9th day of June next, at twelve o'clock at noon,

The Following Heritable SUBJECTS which belonged to Simon Fraser, junior, late merchant in Inverness, viz.

The Two Closes of Burrow-rigged Houses, situated on the south side of the east street of Inverness; together with the Brew-houfe, Office-houfes, and Gardens thereto belonging.—Also, That Houfe situated at the south end of the garden, on the brae leading to the Society School.—And, in like manner, a Cellar below the steeple of the Bridge Street of Inverness.

All these subjects are to be sold together or separately, as purchasers may incline. And, on account of their situation and convenience, they are very eligible for the accommodation of private families and people in trade.

The articles and conditions of sale are to be seen in the hands of James Macdonell merchant in Inverness, trustee for the creditors of the said Simon Fraser.

LANDS IN INVERNESS SHIRE, Superiority in Lanarkshire, &c.

FOR SALE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Thursday the 29th day of June 1786, at six o'clock afternoon, the Lands and others after mentioned, in the several lots and divisions following; or in such other lots as may appear more eligible to purchasers:

LOT I. The SUPERIORITY of the six-merk lands of old extent of Aruckles, lying within the barony of Monkland, and Sheriffdom of Lanark, with the feu-duty payable by six different vassals, being 3l. 14l. 4d. 8-12ths Sterling, of money, with 5 bolls of corn payable in kind, besides the casualties of Superiority which are considerable, as the properties are valuable and some of the vassals in non-entry. These lands hold of the Crown, affording an unexpected qualification in the county; and the purchaser may have the benefit of a Crown charter, with an unexecuted precept of safe-conduct.

LOT II. That DWELLING-HOUSE, lying within the head of Forrester's Wynd, Edinburgh, entering within a small plain-stone court upon the west side of said wynd, consisting of four rooms, kitchen, cellar, and other conveniences,